

BAGHDAD FACTORY



SURGERY Product Catalogue

Quality in Care

Table of Contents



General Surgery

Endoscopic Surgery

Surgical Emergencies:
 Chest Bottles
 Chest Tubes
 GIT

 After Surgery Care: Surgical Drainages
 Suction Catheters

TOP

General Surgery

Surgical Emergencies Chest Bottles

- Chest bottles, also known as chest drainage systems or chest tubes, which is used to remove air, fluid, or blood from the chest cavity. They are commonly used in thoracic surgery, trauma cases, or in the management of certain respiratory conditions.
- The chest bottle system works by creating a pressure gradient that allows air or fluid to be drained from the chest cavity. The drainage tube is connected to the collection chamber, which creates a negative pressure environment. This negative pressure helps to remove air or fluid from the chest cavity, promoting lung re-expansion and preventing complications.

| Material | System | Code |
|---------------------|-----------|----------|
| Glass Bottle System | 1 Bottle | 70000301 |
| Glass Bottle System | 2 Bottle | 70000302 |
| Glass Bottle System | 3 Bottle | 70000303 |
| Plastic System | Thoraseal | 70000304 |
| Glass Bottle System | Pleuravac | 70000305 |



Chest Tubes

- Chest tubes, also known as thoracostomy tubes or chest drains, which is used to drain air, fluid, or blood from the chest cavity. They are commonly used in various medical situations, including thoracic surgery, trauma cases, or the management of certain respiratory conditions.
- Chest tubes are used to remove unwanted substances such as air, fluid, or blood.
 Besides, it helps re-establish normal lung function, prevent complications, and promote healing.



2 cm

Marking Starts from

from the End

15

Size Mentioned in Large Font

Made of Medical Grade PVC

GIT

Nasogastric Tubes

A nasogastric tube (NG tube) is used to deliver liquid nutrition, medication, or to remove fluids and gases from the stomach. It is a flexible tube inserted through the nose and down into the stomach. Here are some key points about nasogastric tubes:

Purpose: Nasogastric Tubes Serve Various Purposes, Including:

- Feeding: They can be used to deliver liquid nutrition directly into the stomach for patients who cannot eat or swallow normally.
- 2. Medication administration: NG tubes are used to administer medications that need to be given directly into the stomach.
- 3. Gastric decompression: They can be used to remove excess fluids, gases, or stomach contents to relieve gastrointestinal distention or prevent vomiting.

PVC Adult Feeding Tube

| Size (Fr) | Length (mm) | Color | Code |
|-----------|-------------|-------|----------|
| 8 | 105 | | 11010101 |
| 10 | 105 | | 11010102 |
| 12 | 105 | 0 | 11010103 |
| 14 | 105 | | 11010104 |
| 16 | 105 | | 11010105 |
| 18 | 105 | | 11010106 |
| 20 | 105 | • | 11010107 |



10 PVC Infant Feeding Tube





Ryle's Tube

| Size (Fr) | Length (mm) | Color | Code |
|-----------|-------------|-------|----------|
| 8 | 105 | | 11010301 |
| 10 | 105 | | 11010302 |
| 12 | 105 | 0 | 11010303 |
| 14 | 105 | | 11010304 |
| 16 | 105 | | 11010305 |
| 18 | 105 | | 11010306 |
| 20 | 105 | | 11010307 |

Levins's Tube



PU Adult Feeding Tube

| Size (Fr) | Length (mm) | Color | Code |
|-----------|-------------|-------|----------|
| 12 | 105 | 0 | 11010501 |
| 14 | 105 | | 11010502 |
| 16 | 105 | | 11010503 |

PU Adult Feeding Tube with Stylet

| Size (Fr) | Length (mm) | Color | Code |
|-----------|-------------|-------|----------|
| 12 | 105 | 0 | 11010601 |
| 14 | 105 | | 11010602 |
| 16 | 105 | | 11010603 |









Gastrostomy Tubes

- A gastrostomy tube, often referred to as a G-tube, which is inserted into the stomach through the abdominal wall. It provides a means for delivering nutrition, medications, or removing stomach contents directly into the stomach.
- Gastrostomy tubes are primarily used for long-term enteral feeding when a patient is unable to consume adequate nutrition orally.
- They are suitable for individuals with conditions such as dysphagia, neurological disorders, or those who have difficulty swallowing or maintaining adequate nutrition orally.

PEG Tube Single Port

| Size (Fr) | Baloon (ml) | Code |
|-----------|-------------|----------|
| 12 | 5 | 11020101 |
| 14 | 5 | 11020102 |
| 16 | 15 | 11020103 |
| 18 | 15 | 11020104 |
| 20 | 15 | 11020105 |
| 22 | 15 | 11020106 |
| 24 | 15 | 11020107 |

PEG Tube Y Port

| Size (Fr) | Baloon (ml) | Code |
|-----------|-------------|----------|
| 12 | 5 | 11020201 |
| 14 | 5 | 11020202 |
| 16 | 15 | 11020203 |
| 18 | 15 | 11020204 |
| 20 | 15 | 11020205 |
| 22 | 15 | 11020206 |
| 24 | 15 | 11020207 |



After Surgery Care Surgical Drainages

The primary purpose of surgical drainage is to remove excess fluids, such as blood, serous fluid, or pus, from the surgical site. By removing these fluids, surgical drainage helps prevent the formation of hematomas, seromas, or abscesses, which can hinder wound healing and increase the risk of infection.

Silicone Penrose Drainage Tube

- A silicone Penrose drainage tube is a type of surgical drain that is made from high quality medical grade silicone material.
- The Penrose drain is a soft, flexible, and hollow tube used for surgical drainage purposes.
- These drains are biocompatible with a variety of tissue fluids, reduce trauma during insertion and removal, and eliminate the potential for latex induced allergic reactions.
- Silicone Penrose Drains enhance post-operative drainage, promote wound healing, prevent infection, and reduce pain.

| Size (mmxcm) | Code |
|--------------|----------|
| 6 x 30 | 70001000 |
| 6 x 50 | 70001001 |
| 10 x 30 | 70001002 |
| 10 x 50 | 70001003 |
| 12 x 30 | 70001004 |
| 12 x 50 | 70001005 |
| 25 x 30 | 70001006 |
| 25 x 50 | 70001007 |



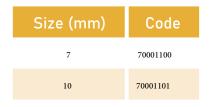
Features

- Transparent tube with X-Ray opaque line: Allows for easy visual inspection and fluid observation.
 Blue radiopaque line: Confirms the positioning of the drain using X-rays.
- 3. Internal tread design: Minimizes tissue in-growth and the potential risk for blockage.
- 4. Range of sizes and lengths enables.

General

Silicone Flat Perforated Drainage Tube

A silicone flat perforated surgical drain is a type of surgical drain made from silicone material and designed with a flat shape and perforations along its length. It is used for postoperative drainage purposes to remove excess fluids from surgical sites and promote wound healing.





Note : Silicone and Flat

Features

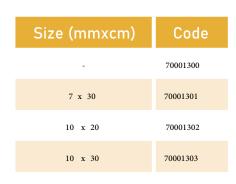
- Material: These drains are made from a biocompatible silicone which is widely used in due to its flexibility, durability, and low risk of causing adverse reactions or allergies in patients.
- 2. Perforations: Silicone flat perforated drains are equipped with multiple small perforations or holes along their length. These perforations allow for the efficient drainage of excess fluids from the surgical site.
- 3. Radiopaque: Many silicones flat perforated drains are radiopaque, meaning they can be visualized on imaging studies such as X-rays.

Silicone Flat Fluted Drainage Tube

Fluted Flat Drains are manufactured from high-grade biocompatible silicone material for patient comfort and increased tensile strength and are available in a variety of sizes and designs, with or without trocars.

Features

Multiple drainage channels: Minimize tissue in-growth and potential risk for blockage
 Variety of sizes: Available in 7 mm & 10 mm lengths
 White drain design: promotes X-ray opaque effectiveness





Note : Silicone,Flat

Silicone Round Perforated Drainage Tube

| Size (Fr) | Silicone Round Holes | Code | Size (Fr) | Silicone Round Holes | Code |
|-----------|-------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|----------|
| 7 | - | 70001200 | 22 | 5 | 70001210 |
| 15 | | 70001201 | 24 | 5 | 70001211 |
| 19 | | 70001202 | 26 | 5 | 70001212 |
| 9 | 5 | 70001203 | 28 | 5 | 70001213 |
| 10 | 5 | 70001204 | 30 | 5 | 70001214 |
| 12 | 5 | 70001205 | 32 | 5 | 70001215 |
| 14 | 5 | 70001206 | 33 | 5 | 70001216 |
| 16 | 5 | 70001207 | 34 | 5 | 70001217 |
| 18 | 5 | 70001208 | 36 | 5 | 70001218 |
| 20 | 5 | 70001209 | | | |



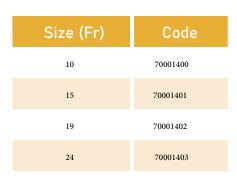
13

General

Silicone round fluted drains are a type of surgical drain made from silicone material and designed in a cylindrical shape with flutes or ribs along its surface. These drains are specifically designed to facilitate effective postoperative drainage

Features

- 1. Unique 4 Channel Profile: Minimizes tissue in-growth and potential risk for blockage
- 2 . Solid central core design: Offers increased flexibility and strength
- 3 . Single extrusion hubless design:
 Allows direct transfer of the exudate from the fluted to the round profile
- 4. Clear drain design with full-length radiopaque strip: detection easy
- 5. Indicator dot: Ensures a quick and easy placement



Note : 30 cm , Silicone, Round, Full



Makes repositioning and X-ray

Silicone Drain Sets

Silicone Drain Sets include flat and round , fluted and perforated silicone drains with pre attached trocars and connectors

Features

- 1. Stainless steel trocars: Provide high performance and operational safety.
- 2. High-grade biocompatible silicone drains: Provide options for your needs and include fluted or perforated and flat or round varieties.
- 3. Bendable trocars: Shaped by the surgeon, facilitate easier placement of the drain.
- 4. Custom options: Customized kits with specific wound drainage components for added convenience.

Evacuator

It is a device used to remove fluid or air from a surgical site or body cavity. It typically consists of a container or reservoir connected to a tube or catheter that is inserted into the surgical site or cavity. The evacuator creates negative pressure, allowing the fluid or air to be suctioned out effectively. This helps to prevent the accumulation of fluid or air, promoting healing and reducing the risk of complications.

| Size (ml) | Code |
|-----------|----------|
| 100 | 70001500 |
| 150 | 70001501 |
| 200 | 70001502 |
| 400 | 70001503 |



Endosco

Quality In Care

Closed Wound Drainage System

- It is used to remove excess fluid or blood from a surgical wound or body cavity. It consists of a drain, tubing, and a collection container. The drain is placed inside the wound or cavity, and the tubing is connected to the drain and leads to the collection container.
- The closed system is designed to create negative pressure, allowing the fluid to be suctioned out and collected in the container. This helps to prevent the accumulation of fluid, which can lead to complications such as infection or delayed healing.

| Size (Fr) | Size (mmxcm) | System | Code |
|-----------|--------------|--------|----------|
| 10 | - | Round | 70001600 |
| 15 | | Round | 70001601 |
| 19 | - | Round | 70001602 |
| | 7 x 20 | Flat | 70001603 |
| - | 10 x 20 | Flat | 70001604 |
| 7 | - | Round | 70001605 |



| Size (Fr) | Code |
|-----------|----------|
| 8 | 70001610 |
| 10 | 70001611 |
| 12 | 70001612 |
| 14 | 70001613 |
| 16 | 70001614 |
| 18 | 70001615 |

Note : Hemovac Drainage





16

Latex T Tube

The purpose of a T-tube is to facilitate the drainage of bile from the common bile duct into an external collection bag or container. This allows for post-operative monitoring of bile flow and helps to prevent the build-up of bile in the duct, which can lead to complications such as infection or obstruction.

| Size (Fr) | Size (cm) | Code |
|-----------|-----------|----------|
| 10 | 15 x 30 | 70001700 |
| 12 | 15 x 30 | 70001701 |
| 14 | 15 x 30 | 70001702 |
| 16 | 15 x 30 | 70001703 |
| 18 | 15 x 30 | 70001704 |
| 20 | 15 x 30 | 70001705 |
| 22 | 15 x 30 | 70001706 |
| 24 | 15 x 30 | 70001707 |
| 10 | 20 x 40 | 70001708 |
| 12 | 20 x 40 | 70001709 |
| 14 | 20 x 40 | 70001710 |
| 16 | 20 x 40 | 70001711 |
| 18 | 20 x 40 | 70001712 |
| 20 | 20 x 40 | 70001713 |
| 22 | 20 x 40 | 70001714 |
| 24 | 20 x 40 | 70001715 |



Suction Catheters

- A suction catheter is used to remove secretions, fluids, or debris from the airways or other body cavities. It is commonly used in respiratory care to clear the airway of patients who have difficulty coughing or clearing their secretions effectively.
- The suction catheter consists of a flexible tube with a rounded tip and multiple side holes near the distal end. The proximal end of the catheter is connected to a suction source, such as a suction machine or wall suction.
- In surgical settings, suction catheters can also play a crucial role in maintaining a clear surgical field and removing fluids from the surgical site.

Lenght (mm) Size (Fr) Code h ļ

Thoracic Trocar Catheter



Yankauer Suction

- A Yankauer suction is a type of suction catheter commonly used in medical settings for suctioning fluids and debris from the oral cavity or surgical sites. It is a rigid, curved device with a wide, open tip and multiple side holes.
- The Yankauer suction is typically connected to a suction source, such as a suction machine or wall suction, via a flexible tubing. It is commonly used during surgical procedures, in post-operative care, or in general patient care to remove fluids, blood, or other debris from the oral cavity.



Features

- 1. Efficient suctioning: The wide, open tip and multiple side holes of the Yankauer suction allow for effective suctioning of fluids and debris from the oral cavity or surgical sites.
- Rigid design : The rigid design of the Yankauer suction provides better control and manoeuvrability during suctioning.
- 3. Easy to clean: Yankauer suctions are typically made of durable materials, which can be easily cleaned and sterilized for reuse.

Yankauer Handle





Suction Connecting Tubing

| Size (mm) | m | Code |
|--------------|-----|----------|
| 5 | 1.8 | 70002200 |
| 5 | 3 | 70002201 |
| 5 | 3.6 | 70002202 |
| 6 | 1.8 | 70002203 |
| 6 | 3 | 70002204 |
| 6 | 3.6 | 70002205 |
| 7 | 1.8 | 70002206 |
| 7 | 3 | 70002207 |
| 7 | 3.6 | 70002208 |



Suction Connecting Tube with Yankauer Handle

| Size (mm) | Crown Tip Size | Vent | Code |
|--------------|-------------------|---------|----------|
| 5 | 1.8 | with | 70002300 |
| 5 | 1.8 | without | 70002301 |
| 5 | 3 | with | 70002302 |
| 5 | 3 | without | 70002303 |
| 5 | 3.6 | with | 70002304 |
| 5 | 3.6 | without | 70002305 |
| 6 | 1.8 | with | 70002306 |
| 6 | 1.8 | without | 70002307 |
| 6 | 3 | with | 70002308 |

| Size (mm) | Crown Tip Size | Vent | Code |
|--------------|-------------------|---------|----------|
| 6 | 3 | without | 70002309 |
| 6 | 3.6 | with | 70002310 |
| 6 | 3.6 | without | 70002311 |
| 7 | 1.8 | with | 70002312 |
| 7 | 1.8 | without | 70002313 |
| 7 | 3 | with | 70002314 |
| 7 | 3 | without | 70002315 |
| 7 | 3.6 | with | 70002316 |
| 7 | 3.6 | without | 70002317 |

:0

Endoscopic Surgery

Access: Trocars Insufflation Needles

• Stapling:

Surgical Staplers Open Surgery Reloads Clips

After Surgery Care: Endo Bag

Access

Trocars

- Trocars are medical devices used in minimally invasive surgical procedures. They consist of a sharp, pointed instrument with a sleeve or cannula that allows access to the surgical site.
- Trocars are commonly used in laparoscopic surgeries, where small incisions are made to insert the trocars, enabling the introduction of other surgical instruments and a camera for visualization.





Insufflation Needles

- Insufflation needles are surgical instruments used in laparoscopic procedures to introduce carbon dioxide (CO
 2) gas into the abdominal cavity.
- This process is essential for creating a pneumoperitoneum, which is a controlled inflation of the abdominal cavity with gas to create a working space for laparoscopic instruments.
- The function of insufflation needles is to penetrate the abdominal wall and allow the controlled flow of gas into the abdominal cavity.

| Needle | Code |
|-----------------------|----------|
| Safety Hypodermic | 70010601 |
| Disposable Hypodermic | 70010602 |
| Disposable Dental | 70010603 |
| Beauty Micro | 70010604 |
| Disposable Filter | 70010605 |
| Safety Filter | 70010606 |
| Blunt Tip | 70010607 |

Stapling Surgical Staplers

Endo Staplers

Endo staplers are surgical devices used in various minimally invasive surgical procedures, particularly in gastrointestinal and thoracic surgeries. They are designed to securely staple and cut tissues or vessels during the procedure.

Endoscopic Linear Cutter Stapler

| Trocar (port, mm) | Diameter (mm) | Puncture (length, mm) | Shaft Length (mm) | Code |
|-------------------|---------------|--------------------------|-------------------|----------|
| - | - | - | 200 | 70012000 |
| - | - | | 250 | 70012001 |
| - | - | - | 350 | 70012002 |
| 5 | 5.8 | 110 | 200 | 70012003 |
| 5 | 5.8 | 110 | 250 | 70012004 |
| 5 | 5.8 | 110 | 350 | 70012005 |
| 10 | 11 | 110 | 200 | 70012006 |
| 10 | 11 | 110 | 250 | 70012007 |
| 10 | 11 | 110 | 350 | 70012008 |
| 12 | 13 | 110 | 200 | 70012009 |
| 12 | 13 | 110 | 250 | 70012010 |
| 12 | 13 | 110 | 350 | 70012011 |
| 15 | 16 | 110 | 200 | 70012012 |
| 15 | 16 | 110 | 250 | 70012013 |
| 15 | 16 | 110 | 350 | 70012014 |



Skin Stapler

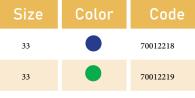
| System | Турез | Code |
|--|---------------------------------------|----------|
| | 35 Regular Staples | 70012100 |
| Appose Single Use Skin Stapler | 35 Wide Staples | 70012101 |
| Appose Single Use Skin Stapler | 35 Regular Staples & Remover Unit | 70012102 |
| Appose Single Use Skin Stapler | 35 Wide Staples & Remover Unit | 70012103 |
| Single Use Fascia Stapler | Stainless Steel Staples | 70012104 |
| MultiFire Premium Single Use Skin Staplers | 35 Regular Staples, Reloads & Remover | 70012105 |
| MultiFire Premium Single Use Skin Staplers | 35 Wide Staples, Reloads & Remover | 70012106 |

Circular Stapler

| Size | Size | Color | Size (mm) | Code |
|--------|------|----------|-----------|----------|
| - | - | - | 28 | 70012200 |
| | - | | 31 | 70012201 |
| Medium | 1 | | 21 | 70012202 |
| Thick | 1 | | 21 | 70012203 |
| Medium | 2 | | 21 | 70012204 |
| Thick | 2 | | 21 | 70012205 |
| Medium | 1 | | 25 | 70012206 |
| Thick | 1 | \frown | 25 | 70012207 |
| Medium | 2 | U | 25 | 70012208 |
| Thick | 2 | | 25 | 70012209 |
| Medium | 1 | | 28 | 70012210 |
| Thick | 1 | | 28 | 70012211 |
| Medium | 2 | | 28 | 70012212 |
| Thick | 2 | | 28 | 70012213 |
| Thick | 1 | | 31 | 70012214 |
| Thick | 1 | | 31 | 70012215 |
| Thick | 2 | | 31 | 70012216 |
| Thick | 2 | | 31 | 70012217 |



EEA Hemorrhoid and Prolapse Stapler Set





Premium, Staple Line Diameter

| Size (mm) | Code |
|-----------|----------|
| 21 | 70012220 |
| 25 | 70012221 |
| 28 | 70012222 |
| 31 | 70012223 |
| 34 | 70012224 |



Open Staplers

- Open staplers refer to surgical staplers used in traditional open surgeries. These staplers are manually operated instruments used to secure and close tissues during surgical procedures.
- Open staplers are commonly used in various types of surgeries, including gastrointestinal, thoracic, and general surgeries. They allow surgeons to quickly and effectively create staple lines to close or divide tissues, such as the stomach, intestines, or blood vessels.

Open Linear Stapler Kit

| Size (m | m) | Code | Note |
|--------------|----|----------|-----------------|
| 60 | | 70012300 | |
| 80 | | 70012301 | |
| 100 | | 70012302 | |
| 60 | | 70012303 | -Kit |
| 80 | | 70012304 | -Kit |
| 100 | | 70012305 | -Kit |
| 60 | | 70012306 | -With Retractor |
| 80 | | 70012307 | -With Retractor |
| 100 | | 70012308 | -With Retractor |
| Shaft Length | 30 | 70012309 | |
| Shaft Length | 45 | 70012310 | |
| Shaft Length | 60 | 70012311 | |
| Shaft Length | 90 | 70012312 | |
| Shaft Length | 30 | 70012313 | - |
| Shaft Length | 45 | 70012314 | |
| Shaft Length | 60 | 70012315 | |
| Shaft Length | 90 | 70012316 | |
| Shaft Length | 30 | 70012317 | |
| Shaft Length | 45 | 70012318 | |
| Shaft Length | 60 | 70012319 | |
| Shaft Length | 90 | 70012320 | _ |

Premium Poly Open Stapler

| Size (mm) | Code | Note |
|-----------|----------|--------------------|
| 14 | 70012321 | -Knife |
| 170 | 70012322 | -Knife |
| 140 | 70012323 | - |
| 170 | 70012324 | |
| 140 | 70012325 | -Knife & Retractor |
| 170 | 70012326 | -Knife & Retractor |



Reloads

- Reloads refer to disposable cartridges that contain the staples used in the stapling process. These reloads are inserted into the stapler device to supply the necessary staples for closing or dividing tissues during surgery.
- When a reload is inserted into the stapler, it aligns the staples with the anvil or cutting edge of the stapler. This allows the surgeon to close or divide tissues by firing the stapler, which simultaneously cuts and secures the tissue using the staples in the reload.

Linear Stapler Reloads





Circular Stapler Reloads

| Open Staple Height (mm) | Closed Staple Height (mm) | Cartridge Color | Code |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|----------|
| 2.0 ±0.2 mm | 0.75 ± 0.2 mm | | 70010407 |
| 2.5 ±0.2 mm | 1.0 ±0.2 mm | \bigcirc | 70010408 |
| 3.5 ±0.2 mm | 1.5 ±0.2 mm | | 70010409 |
| 3.8 ±0.2 mm | 1.8 ±0.2 mm | | 70010410 |
| 4.1 ±0.2 mm | 2.0 ±0.2 mm | | 70010411 |
| 4.3 ±0.2 mm | 2.3 ±0.2 mm | | 70010412 |



Curved Stapler Reloads

| Open Staple Height (mm) | Closed Staple Height (mm) | Cartridge Color | Code |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|----------|
| 2.0 ±0.2 mm | 0.75 ±0.2 mm | | 70010413 |
| 2.5 ±0.2 mm | 1.0 ±0.2 mm | 0 | 70010414 |
| 3.5 ±0.2 mm | 1.5 ±0.2 mm | | 70010415 |
| 3.8 ±0.2 mm | 1.8 ±0.2 mm | | 70010416 |
| 4.1 ±0.2 mm | 2.0 ±0.2 mm | | 70010417 |
| 4.3 ±0.2 mm | 2.3 ±0.2 mm | | 70010418 |

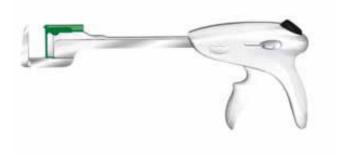


Powered Stapler Reloads

| Open Staple Height (mm) | Closed Staple Height (mm) | Cartridge Color | Code | |
|----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|----------|-----|
| 2.0 ±0.2 mm | 0.75 ±0.2 mm | | 70010419 | |
| 2.5 ±0.2 mm | 1.0 ± 0.2 mm | 0 | 70010420 | - 0 |
| 3.5 ±0.2 mm | 1.5 ±0.2 mm | | 70010421 | |
| 3.8 ±0.2 mm | 1.8 ±0.2 mm | | 70010422 | |
| 4.1 ±0.2 mm | 2.0 ± 0.2 mm | ٠ | 70010423 | • |
| 4.3 ±0.2 mm | 2.3 ±0.2 mm | | 70010424 | |

Open Surgery

| Types | Code |
|------------|----------|
| Scalpels | 70010301 |
| Retractors | 70010302 |
| Forceps | 70010303 |
| Scissors | 70010304 |
| Clamps | 70010305 |



Clips

Clips used in laparoscopy serve as a means of hemostasis (controlling bleeding) or tissue approximation during surgical procedures. They are small metal or polymer devices that are applied to secure or close blood vessels, ducts, or other tissues.

Clips Functions

- Hemostasis: Clips can be used to seal blood vessels or control bleeding.
- Tissue approximation: Clips can also be used to hold tissues together, ensuring proper alignment and positioning during laparoscopic surgeries.
- Ligation: Clips can act as a form of ligation, which involves sealing off or occluding vessels or ducts. This can be done to prevent the flow of fluids or substances through certain structures, such as bile ducts or fallopian tubes.

| Types | Code | |
|------------------|----------|--|
| Hemostatic Clips | 70010500 | |
| Aneurysm Clips | 70010501 | |
| Ligating Clips | 70010502 | |
| Endoscopic Clips | 70010503 | |
| | | |







| Types | Code |
|---------------------------------|----------|
| Endoscopic Hemoclip | 70010510 |
| Cerebral Aneurysm Clip YASARGIL | 70010511 |
| Cerebral Aneurysm Clip Sugita | 70010512 |
| Perneczky Aneurysm Clip | 70010513 |



BAGHDAD FACTORY



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