

INTERVENTIONAL RADIOLOGY

Product Catalogue

Interventional Radiology





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Core Biopsy Needle

- A core biopsy needle is used to obtain a core sample of tissue from the body for diagnostic purposes. It is commonly used in procedures such as image-guided biopsies, where the needle is guided by imaging techniques like ultrasound, mammography, or CT scan.
- The core biopsy needle typically consists of a sharp, hollow needle with a cutting edge or notches near the tip. It is inserted into the targeted area, such as a suspicious mass or lesion, and then rotated or advanced to obtain a cylindrical sample of tissue. The needle is then withdrawn, and the tissue sample is sent to a laboratory for analysis.

Semi Automatic Biopsy

Size (G)	Size (cm)	Code
14	10	90011101
14	15	90011102
14	20	90011103
16	10	90011104
16	15	90011105
16	20	90011106
18	10	90011107
18	15	90011108
18	20	90011109
20	10	90011110
20	15	90011111
20	20	90011112



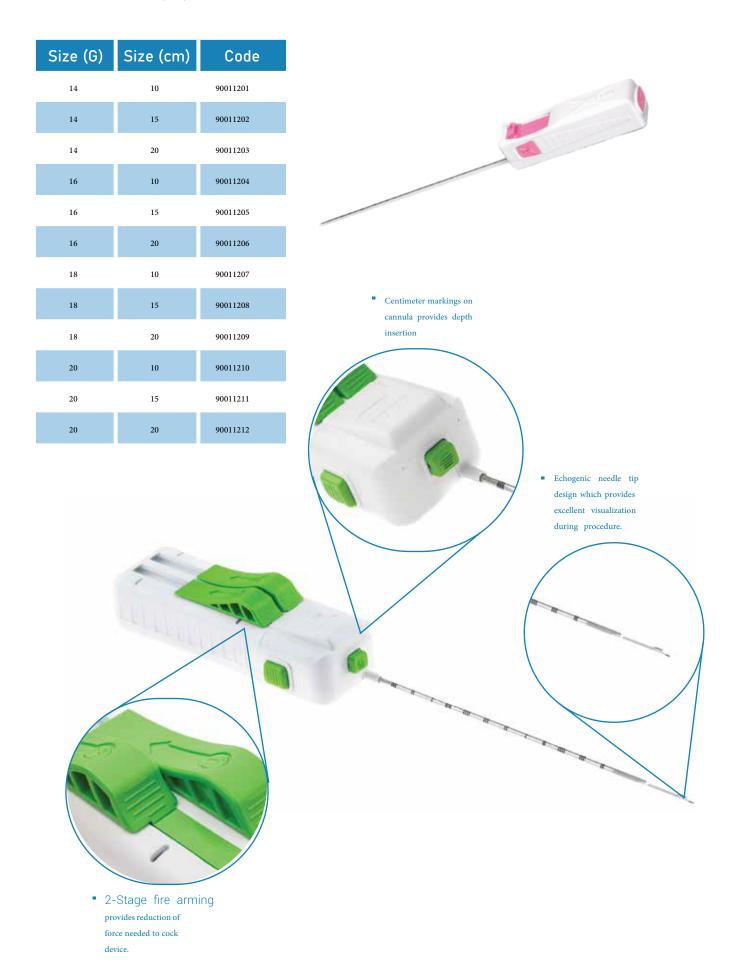
Color-coding on the stylet ad vancement piece makes identification of security gaves also easy.



- Centimeter markings on cannula provide depth insertion reference.
- Echogenic needle tip design which provides excellent visualization during procedure.

 Full loop scissor design to promote easy cocking and excellent maneuverability.

Automatic Biopsy



Spinal Needle

- A spinal needle is used for procedures involving the spinal canal, such as spinal anaesthesia or lumbar punctures. It is a long, thin needle with a sharp tip and a hollow center.
- During a spinal procedure, the spinal needle is inserted through the skin and tissues of the back into the spinal canal. This allows access to the cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) surrounding the spinal cord and brain.

Quincke Needle Size (G) Size (cm) Code Special length of the Whitacre needle to offer a 15mm protrusion.

Quality In Care



BAGHDAD FACTORY



The State Company for Drugs Industry and Medical Appliances / Samarra - Iraq